

Background

This intensive 2-day Kanban training class provides an introduction to Lean, Pull Systems and Kanban and will explain how established industrial engineering theory can apply to software development process. Working in small teams, class attendees will analyze and design a kanban system implementation for a real world scenario.

What you will learn

- An introduction to Lean, Pull Systems and Kanban
- Value Stream Mapping
- Controlling WIP
- Implementing different classes of service
- Negotiating service level agreements with customers
- Implementing a culture of continuous improvement (Kaizen)
- How established industrial engineering theory can apply to software development process
- Identifying bottlenecks
- Classifying bottlenecks as capacity constrained resources or non-instant availability resources
- Managing bottlenecks appropriately for improved throughput
- Understanding transaction and coordination costs in a kanban process
- Defining release and input cadence for a kanban system
- Using Metrics and Reporting to drive continuous improvement

Introduction

- Introduction to Lean
- What is a kanban system – Imperial Palace Gardens example
- Background and history of approach to kanban system for software engineering

Demand Analysis for Initial Kanban System Design

- What are the types of work for your team?
- What is the daily, monthly, or seasonal demand for your team's time?
- What are sources of customer dissatisfaction?
- What are sources of internal dissatisfaction?

Value Stream Mapping and Tracking

- Defining customer-valued work items (deliverables)
- Value-stream mapping
- Work item tracking (manual and electronic)
- Daily standup meetings
- Kanban boards
- Sticky Buddies

WIP

Setting kanban limits

Simulation Game

Hands on experience working with a realistic kanban system

Classes of Service

Types of work items

Expediting

Policies for processing work items

Service Level Agreements

Striking a different bargain

Determining a service level agreement

Monitoring due date performance

Bottlenecks

Identifying bottlenecks

Capacity constrained resources

Non-instant availability resources

Improving throughput

Variability

How to identify and classify variability

Strategies to reduce variability

Scaling Kanban

Standup meetings

Two-tiered kanbans

Swim Lanes

Release Cadence

Technical transaction costs of release

Customer transaction costs of release

Market variation and demand for releases

Prioritization Cadence

Feeding the input queue

Transaction costs of item selection and prioritization

Metrics and Reporting

- WIP - Cumulative flow
- Lead Time
- Waste Lead Time : Touch Time
- Open Issues and Blocked Work Items
- Lead Time Spectrum Analysis
- Executive Dashboard

Kaizen Culture

- Meaning of Kaizen
- Trust and transparency
- Alignment
- Focus on Value Delivery
- Empowerment, Delegation (Self-organization)
- Servant Leadership
- Objective Quantitative Management with simple Metrics

Summary

- Culture
- Policies
- Cadence
- Collaboration
- Continuous Improvement